SWALLOW SCHOOL DISTRICT CURRICULUM GUIDE		
Curriculum Area: Writing Course Length: Full Year		
Grade: 5th Grade Date Last Approved: April 13, 2016; Reviewed Spring 2021		
Stage 1: Desired Results		

Course Description: As writers, fifth grade students will create written pieces for a variety of purposes and audiences including personal and creative narratives, functional writing, informational writing, and research-based opinion pieces, all using the writing process. Students in fifth grade will be expected to demonstrate good command of standard English grammar and usage and will also be expected to demonstrate understanding of how word choice, voice, organization, ideas and sentence fluency can affect the outcome of writing. Students will have the opportunity to share written work in a variety of ways and formats.

Swallow School Reading and Language Art Curriculum across all grade levels includes: Reader's Workshop, Spelling/Word Study, Disciplinary Literacy, Vocabulary, Keyboarding, Handwriting, and Writing.

Enduring Understanding(s):

- 1. Writing expands understanding of the world, people and oneself.
- 2. Effective writers use strategies to construct and extend meaning.
- 3. Various types of texts and media are used to communicate ideas.
- 4. Knowledge and ideas are developed by evaluating multiple sources of text to gain information and create perspectives.
- 5. Effective written communication relies on choosing the proper form of writing to clearly communicate ideas.
- 6. Control of mechanics and proper grammar promote effective spoken and written communication.
- 7. Listening and speaking skills are critical for learning and communicating.
- 8. Writing across content areas strengthens the knowledge base of each area.

Essential Question(s):

- 1. How do writing formats influence understanding of a variety of writing genres?
- 2. How does what is written impact or influence readers and writers?
- 3. How do rules of language affect communication?
- 4. How does a writer choose a particular form of writing?
- 5. What ways can a writer's message be impacted by punctuation and grammatical correctness or incorrectness?
- 6. How does understanding audience influence the way a message is communicated orally?

Learning Targets:

- 3. Students can create written work for a variety of tasks, purposes, and audiences. (Product) (W)
- 4. Students can produce language that demonstrates knowledge of conventions, grammar, and the basic foundations of language. (Product) (W/S/L)

R=Reading S=Speaking W=Writing L=Listening

Stage 2: Learning Plan

I. Narrative

- A. Definition: A written story including actual events
- B. How to write effectively:
 - a. teacher modeling
 - b. classroom discussions
 - c. mentor texts
 - d. partner talk
- C. What tools can help us write:
 - a. graphic organizers
 - b. notes
 - c. outlines
 - d. writing samples
 - e. peer edits
- D. Student application and reflection

Standards: CCSS: W 5.3, W 5.4, W 5.5, W 5.6, W 5.10

CCRA: ORI 301, ORI 302, ORI 303, USL 301, FOC 301

Learning Targets Addressed:

Target 3. Students can create written work for a variety of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Target 4. Students can produce language that demonstrates knowledge of conventions, grammar, and the basic foundations of language.

Key Unit Resources

• Being a Writer implemented via the workshop model

Assessment Map:

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Туре	Level	Assessment Detail
Practice	knowledge	 develop understanding of Narrative develop understanding of proper language and grammar
Formative	knowledge reasoning product	 brainstorming graphic organizers informal conferences drafts peer editing
Summative	Product	Focus: Utilizing appropriate voice, transitions, sequence of events, & topic choice.

II. Creative Fiction

A. Definition: A fictional story containing story

plot elements.

- B. How to write effectively:
 - a. teacher modeling
 - b. classroom discussions
 - c. mentor texts
 - d. partner talk
- C. What tools can help us write:
 - a. graphic organizers
 - b. notes
 - c. outlines
 - d. writing samples
 - e. peer edits

Standards: CCSS: W 5.3, W 5.4, W 5.5, W 5.6, W 5.10

CCRA: ORI 301, ORI 303, DEV 301, DEV 302, FOC 301, USL 301

Learning Targets Addressed:

Target 3: Student can create written work that is clear to task, purpose, and audience using the writing process.

Target 4: Students can produce written and oral pieces that convey knowledge of conventions of English grammar and usage.

Key Unit Resources

Being a Writer implemented via the workshop model

D. Student application and reflection

Assessment Map:	ssessment Ma	ap:
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Туре	Level	Assessment Detail
Practice	knowledge	 develop understanding of fiction elements develop an understanding of how to analyze literature develop understanding of proper language and grammar
Formative	knowledge reasoning product	 brainstorming graphic organizers post-it note analysis informal conferences drafts peer edits
Summative	product	 Focus: Create creative fiction that demonstrates strong story plot elements.

III. Expository Non-Fiction

- A. Definition:Writing used to explain or describe something that is factual
- B. How to write effectively:
 - a. teacher modeling
 - b. classroom discussions
 - c. mentor texts
 - d. partner talk
- C. What tools can help us write:
 - a. citation guides
 - b. notes
 - c. outlines
 - d. writing samples
 - e. peer edits
- D. Student application and reflection

Standards: W 5.2, W 5.4, W 5.5, W 5.6, W 5.10, L5.1, L 5.2, L 5.3, L 5.5

CCRA: ORI 301, DEV 301, USL 301, FOC 301

Learning Targets Addressed:

Target 3: Student can create written work that is clear to task, purpose, and audience using the writing process.

Target 4: Students can produce written and oral pieces that convey knowledge of conventions of English grammar and usage.

Target 5: Students can organize and plan a presentation about a topic to support claims, examine a topic, and to convey ideas, concepts, and information using multiple sources.

Key Unit Resources

• Being a Writer implemented via the workshop model

Туре	Level	Assessment Detail
Practice	knowledge	 develop understanding of non-fiction elements develop understanding of proper citation skills

		 develop understanding of proper language and grammar Introduce citing evidence Introduce outlining
Formative	knowledge reasoning product	 brainstorming graphic organizers note cards informal conferences Drafts citations
Summative	product	Focus: Writing a research-based piece, that incorporates multiple sources while crediting sources through a works cited page.

IV. Functional Writing

- A. Definition: Writing that requires explanation or direction
- B. How to write effectively:
 - a. teacher modeling
 - b. classroom discussions
 - c. mentor texts
 - d. partner talk
- C. What tools can help us write:
 - a. graphic organizers
 - b. notes
 - c. outlines
 - d. writing samples
 - e. peer edits
- D. Student application and reflection

Standards: W 5.2, W 5.4, W 5.5, W 5.6, W 5.10

CCRA: ORI 301, ORI 302, ORI 303, DEV 302, FOC 301, USL 301

Learning Targets Addressed:

Target 3: Student can create written work that is clear to task, purpose, and audience using the writing process.

Target 4: Students can produce written and oral pieces that convey knowledge of conventions of English grammar and usage.

Key Unit Resources

• Being a Writer implemented via the workshop model

Туре	Level	Assessment Detail
Practice	knowledge	 develop understanding of letter writing develop an understanding of e-mail writing develop understanding of proper language and grammar
Formative	knowledge reasoning product	 brainstorming graphic organizers note cards informal conferences drafts
Summative	product	Focus: Write a friendly letter and an

	email for an authentic purpose.
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V. Argumentative/ Opinion Writing

- A. Definition: Writing that establishes a supported position on a topic
- B. How to write effectively:
 - a. teacher modeling
 - b. classroom discussions
 - c. mentor texts
 - d. partner talk
- C. What tools can help us write:
 - a. graphic organizers
 - b. notes
 - c. outlines
 - d. writing samples
 - e. peer edits
- D. Student application and reflection

Standards: W 5.1, W 5.4, W 5.5, W 5.6, W 5.7, W 5.8, W 5.9, W 5.10,

CCRA: ORI 301, ORI 302, ORI 303, DEV 302, EXJ 301, EXJ 302, USL 301, FOC 301

Learning Targets Addressed:

Target 3: Student can create written work that is clear to task, purpose, and audience using the writing process.

Target 4: Students can produce written and oral pieces that convey knowledge of conventions of English grammar and usage.

Key Unit Resources

• Being a Writer implemented via the workshop model

Туре	Level	Assessment Detail
Practice	knowledge	 develop understanding of how to write a claim develop an understanding of how to synthesize ideas to support a claim develop understanding of proper language and grammar
Formative	knowledge reasoning product	 brainstorming outlines note cards informal conferences drafts peer edits
Summative	product	 Focus: Writing to support a position utilizing multiple sources to defend claims. Focus placed on structure, claim, and evidence.

VI. Poetry

- A. Definition: writing that uses aesthetic and rhythmic qualities of language
 - B. How to write effectively:
 - a. teacher modeling
 - b. classroom discussions
 - c. mentor texts
 - d. partner talk
 - C. What tools can help us write:
 - a. graphic organizers
 - b. notes
 - c. outlines
 - d. writing samples
 - e. peer edits
 - D. Student application and reflection

Standards:

CCSS: W 5.3, W 5.10, L 5.1, L 5.2, L 5.3, L 5.5

CCRA: ORI 301, DEV 301, USL 301, FOC 301

Learning Targets Addressed: Target 3, Target 4

Key Unit Resources

Being a Writer implemented via the workshop model

Assessment Map:

Туре	Level	Assessment Detail	
Practice	knowledge	 develop understanding of each writing genre develop understanding of proper language and grammar 	
Formative	knowledge reasoning product	 brainstorming graphic organizers note cards informal conferences drafts 	
Summative	product	 Focus: Analyzing figurative language and types of poetry, writing a variety of poems. 	

VI. Grammar

- A. Definition: The study of English language structures
- B. How to use Grammar effectively
 - a. teacher modeling
 - b. classroom discussions
 - c. mentor texts
 - d. partner talk
 - e. daily practice
- C. What tools can help us write:
 - a. daily lesson materials
 - b. notes
 - c. practice (provided by teacher)
 - d. writing samples
 - e. peer edits
- D. Student application and reflection

Standards:_W 5.1, W 5.2, W 5.3, W 5.4, W 5.5, W 5.6, W 5.7, W 5.8, W 5.9, W 5.10, L 5.1, L 5.2, L 5.3

CCRA: USL 301

Learning Targets Addressed:

4.Students can produce language that demonstrates knowledge of conventions, grammar, and the basic foundations of language. (Product) (W/S/L)

Key Unit Resources

• Being a Writer implemented via the workshop model

Туре	Level	Assessment Detail
Practice	knowledge	 develop understanding of each convention develop understanding of proper

		language and usage
Formative	knowledge reasoning product	 daily lessons practice on paper and online journal assessments informal conferences drafts
Summative	product	 Focus: Assessment of conventions within student writing, parts of speech, sentence structure and punctuation. Unit assessments through Being a Writer Skills.